

**Problem 1.** Let  $f(x) = (x - 2)^2 - 1$ .

(a) Find the  $y$ -intercept of  $f$  (this is the point  $(0, y)$  where  $y = f(0)$ ).

(b) Find the  $x$ -intercepts of  $f$  (these are the points  $(x, 0)$  obtained by solving  $f(x) = 0$ ).

(c) Sketch the graph of  $f(x)$ .

**Problem 2.** Express the result in standard form (collect like terms and sort them).

(a) Let  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 2$  and  $g(x) = 5x^2 + 3x + 8$ ; find  $f(x) + g(x)$ .

(b) let  $f(x) = x^5 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$  and  $g(x) = -x^5 + x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$ ; find  $f(x) + g(x)$ ;

(c) Let  $f(x) = x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 2x - 3$ ; find  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$ .

**Problem 3 (Extra Credit).** The locus of the equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 5$  is a circle of radius  $\sqrt{5}$  centered at the origin. The line  $y = 2x$  intersects this circle in two points. Find these points. Justify your answer.